MEDICATION POLICY:

Transthyretin-Mediated Amyloidosis Agents



Generic Name: N/A

Therapeutic Class or Brand Name:

Transthyretin-Mediated Amyloidosis Agents

Applicable Drugs: Amvuttra® (vutrisiran), Attruby[™] (acoramidis), Onpattro® (patisiran), Vyndamax[™] (tafamidis), Vyndaqel® (tafamidis meglumine), Wainua[™] (eplotersen)

Preferred: Onpattro® (patisiran), Vyndamax[™] (tafamidis), Vyndagel® (tafamidis meglumine)

Non-preferred: N/A

VSI Excluded Drugs: Amvuttra® (vutrisiran), Attruby™ (acoramidis), Wainua™ (eplotersen)

Date of Origin: 6/2/2025

Date Last Reviewed / Revised: N/A

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

(May be considered medically necessary when criteria I through IV are met)

- I. Documented diagnosis of one of the following conditions AND must meet ALL criteria under applicable diagnosis.
 - A. Polyneuropathy of Hereditary Transthyretin-Mediated Amyloidosis (hATTR-PN)
 - i. Documentation of ALL the following diagnostic criteria:
 - 1. Transthyretin amyloid deposition confirmed by nuclear scintigraphy OR tissue biopsy.
 - 2. Transthyretin mutation confirmed by genetic testing.
 - 3. Familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) (ie, Coutinho's system) stage 2 or less OR polyneuropathy disability (PND) score IIIb or less OR drug-specific neuropathy impairment score (NIS) (see Table 1).
 - 4. Documented symptoms consistent with hATTR polyneuropathy (eg, difficulty walking, weakness in the lower limbs, tingling or pain in the hands or feet).
 - ii. Treatment must be prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist.
 - B. Cardiomyopathy of Wild-type or Hereditary Transthyretin-mediated Amyloidosis (ATTR-CM)
 - i. Documentation of ALL the following diagnostic criteria:
 - 1. Transthyretin amyloid deposition confirmed by nuclear scintigraphy OR tissue biopsy.
 - 2. Absence of primary (light chain) amyloidosis.
 - 3. For hereditary ATTR-CM: TTR mutation confirmed by genetic testing.
 - ii. Documented diagnosis of New York Heart Association (NYHA) class I-III heart failure with ALL the following criteria:

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- Clinical history of heart failure with at least one previous hospitalization for heart failure OR clinical evidence of heart failure with symptoms of volume overload or elevated intracardiac pressures requiring diuretic treatment.
- 2. Evidence of cardiac involvement by transthoracic echocardiography, with an end diastolic interventricular septal wall thickness exceeding 12 millimeters.
- 3. Baseline N-terminal pro B-type natriuretic peptide (NT-proBNP) AND 6-minute-walk distance (6MWD) meeting drug-specific criteria (see Table 1).
- iii. Documented treatment failure or contraindication to a TTR stabilizer (Attruby or Vyndamax/Vyndaqel) before the use of a TTR silencer (Amvuttra).
- iv. Treatment must be prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist.
- II. Minimum age requirement: 18 years old.
- III. Request is for a medication with the appropriate FDA labeling, or its use is supported by current clinical practice guidelines. Refer to Table 1 for medication-specific criteria.
- IV. Refer to the plan document for the list of preferred products. If the requested agent is not listed as a preferred product, must have documented treatment failure or contraindication to the preferred product(s).

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- Used in combination with another transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis agent
- Prior liver transplant (except Onpattro)
- hATTR-PN:
 - NYHA heart failure class III or IV
 - Advanced hATTR-PN (FAP Stage 3 or PND Score IV)
- ATTR-CM:
 - NYHA heart failure class IV
 - o Prior heart transplant or implanted mechanical cardiac assist device

OTHER CRITERIA

Table 1: Indications, drug-specific criteria, and quantity limits.

Drug	Indications and drug-specific criteria	Quantity limits
Amvuttra	 hATTR-PN NIS score of 5-130 ATTR-CM NT-proBNP ≥ 300 pg/mL 	One 25 mg syringe every 3 months

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	 6MWD ≥ 150 meters Exclusion: NYHA heart failure class III with NT-proBNP > 3000 pg/mL and eGFR < 45 mL/min/1.73 m2 	
Attruby	 ATTR-CM NT-proBNP ≥ 300 pg/mL 6MWD ≥ 150 meters 	112 tablets every 28 days
Onpattro	hATTR-PN	<100 kg: 0.3 mg/kg every 3 weeks
	o NIS score of 5-130	≥100 kg: three vials every 3 weeks
Vyndamax	ATTR-CM	30 capsules every 30 days
Vyndaqel	o NT-proBNP ≥ 600 pg/mLo 6MWD ≥ 100 meters	120 capsules every 30 days
Wainua	hATTR-PNNIS score of 10-130	One 45 mg autoinjector every 30 days

QUANTITY / DAYS SUPPLY RESTRICTIONS

Refer to Table 1

APPROVAL LENGTH

- Authorization: 12 months
- **Re-Authorization:** 12 months, with an updated letter of medical necessity or progress notes showing improvement or stabilization with drug treatment and including, but not limited to, the following criteria:
 - o hATTR-PN: FAP stage, PND score, NIS score, or symptoms of polyneuropathy.
 - o ATTR-CM: 6MWD, symptoms of heart failure, or reduction in cardiovascular hospitalizations.

APPENDIX

Table 2: Familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) or Coutinho's System		
Stage 1	Does not require assistance with ambulation	
	Disease is limited to lower limbs; slight weakness of the extensors of the big toes	
Stage 2	Requires assistance with ambulation	
	Motor signs progress in lower limbs with steppage and distal amyotrophies; the muscles of the hands begin to be wasted and weak	
Stage 3	Confined to a wheelchair or bedridden	

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Generalized weakness and areflexia	
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Table 3: P	olyneuropathy Disability (PND)
0	No symptoms
I	Sensory disturbances in extremities but preserved walking capacity
II	Difficulties in walking but without the need for a walking stick
Illa	One stick or one crutch required for walking
IIIb	Two sticks or two crutches required for walking
IV	Confined to a wheelchair or to bed

Table 4: Neuropathy Impairment Score (NIS)
Cranial nerves (range: 0 to 40)
Muscle weakness (range: 0 to 152)
Sensation loss (finger and toe) (range: 0 to 32)
Decreased muscle stretch reflexes (range: 0 to 20)

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DISCLAIMER: Medication Policies are developed to help ensure safe, effective and appropriate use of selected medications. They offer a guide to coverage and are not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Refer to Plan for individual adoption of specific Medication Policies. Providers are expected to exercise their medical judgement in providing the most appropriate care for their patients.